

LAWFUL MONEY BACK IN CURRENCY BILL

Hitchcock and Other Senators to Fight Again for Absolute Gold Basis.

SOME SEE BRYAN'S HAND

Democrats at Caucus Will Consider Compromise With Wilson Followers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The words "lawful money" have been back into the banking and currency bill in the form in which it will be submitted to the seven Democrats on the Senate floor tomorrow. The words come back, however, with a restricted application, but their reappearance in any connection has been sufficient to renew opposition here among Senators who have been contending that the proposed banking and currency system should be put on an absolute gold basis.

The Banking and Currency Committee a few days ago voted to eliminate the objectionable phrase wherever it occurred in the bill, and it was believed that this step would result in the changes in the House bill being accepted by the Senate. Since then, though the Democrats have decided to make the currency bill a party question, and today a compromise was made with the Administration Democrats, who stood out against the change.

Six of the seven Democrats in the committee will recommend that whenever notes are printed for the national reserve associations for redemption they may be redeemed in gold "or lawful money." When presented to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption, however, they must be redeemed in gold.

The House bill in its present form reads: "They (the Federal reserve notes) shall be redeemed in gold or lawful money on demand at the Treasury Department of the United States in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, or at any Federal reserve bank."

Compromise Recommended by Six.

The compromise is recommended by the six Democrats who are in the majority in the committee. It is a compromise between the two extreme positions. It is a compromise between the two extreme positions. It is a compromise between the two extreme positions.

In some ways Senators have gained the impression here that Secretary Bryan had had something to do with the reported compromise to the currency bill.

Six Democratic members of the Senate committee after an hour's session this afternoon practically agreed to report to the Democratic Senate conference tomorrow morning in favor of reporting a bill retaining most of the features of the currency measure that was passed by the House under the leadership of Representative Carter Glass.

For Eight Regional Banks.

The bill recommended will provide for eight regional banks instead of twelve, which the House bill provided for. The bill also provides for the elimination of the currency as a collateral security for the Federal reserve bank, but in favor of the retention of the Secretary of the Treasury.

This is exactly the recommendation agreed on by the House and the Senate committee of the Senate before the break came in the committee and the Democratic members withdrew and called a caucus.

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Democrats in the Agreement.

The six Democrats who conferred and came to an agreement were Chairman Owen and Senators O'Gorman, Reed, Shafer, Hodge and Pennington.

The caucus will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The formal call was issued this afternoon by Senator Kern, leader of the majority.

The call says that it is to be a caucus and will not bind the action of individual Senators, but be merely advisory. Although there has been an urgent demand that the caucus be held with open doors and its proceedings be conducted in public, it seemed reasonably certain that the sentiment of the Democratic leaders is opposed to an open session and that it will be a secret meeting.

Senator Vandenberg of Mississippi declared himself today for a public conference. He said that he was opposed to legislation in secret and that no secret caucus could bind him. The Senator was emphatic on this point.

The Banking and Currency Committee met at 10 o'clock after the adjournment yesterday. All the Republicans were present, but Senators Reed, Hitchcock and O'Gorman, Democrats, were absent.

When it was proposed to take up the bill and proceed with it the three Democratic members present, who belonged to the "Administration group"—Pennington, Shafer and Hodge—expressed their unwillingness to go ahead, and asked for an adjournment of the committee until Thursday morning, which would carry it over until after the Democratic caucus of tomorrow.

Chairman Owen coincided with his Democratic colleagues and asserted that it was useless to proceed under the circumstances, and the adjournment was taken.

Mail Sack Robbed of \$10,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Money and jewelry valued at \$10,000 was stolen from a sack of registered mail here yesterday. Post Office Inspector Stuart accused Albert Tardy, a mail wagon driver, who is missing, of the robbery. Tardy's wife says he confessed to her and said he was on his way to the border.

Perfect biscuit delivered

At the grocery store you will find many varieties of biscuit baked by National Biscuit Company. Each variety of biscuit—whether known as crackers or cookies... wafers or snaps... cakes or jumbles—is the best of its kind.

The extensive distributing service of the National Biscuit Company extends from Coast to Coast.

This ensures a constant supply of all the perfect biscuit of the National Biscuit Company being delivered to every part of the United States.

Buy biscuit baked by

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Always look for that name

TWO HUNTERS BAGGED ON JERSEY RABBIT DAY

Farmer Beaten by Sportsman and the Original Roosevelt Possum Is Found.

Two New Jersey hunters were shot yesterday, the first day of the open season for rabbits. Another man who thought himself a sportsman, however, was badly beaten by a possum.

Thomas H. High of New Providence went off rabbiting with his friend, Thomas L. Larnum. A rabbit crossed their path and Larnum shot at it, but High instead in the right side of his face. The men were a mile from home and Larnum had to carry his wounded friend to a house.

High may not recover. When High received consciousness his first question was, "Tom, did you get the rabbit?"

"No," Larnum answered, "whereupon High said, 'That was tough luck.'"

James Marsh of Eatonsville was struck in the face while hunting with a party at Eatonsville. A rabbit crossed their path and Marsh shot at it, but High instead in the right side of his face. The men were a mile from home and Larnum had to carry his wounded friend to a house.

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GLYNN FOR WORKERS' COMPENSATION BILL

Is Preparing Measure to Be Introduced in the Legislature Next Month.

STATEWIDE PRIMARY TOO

Believes He and the Law Makers Can Agree on the Details.

ALBANY, Nov. 11.—Gov. Glynn has in mind the introduction at the December session of the Legislature of a workmen's compensation bill embracing the best features of all the compensation acts now on file. A preliminary conference on this subject was held at the Executive Chamber to-day and the Governor discussed it with several labor leaders and Senator Robert F. Wagner, majority leader, and Senator Elton B. Brown, minority leader, of the Senate and other legislators.

The Governor hopes to have this bill framed and ready for introduction with the real statewide direct primary measure and the other bills embodying his policies just as soon as the Legislature convenes on December 8. He is mapping out his policies without regard to the possibility of a lack of a quorum in the Assembly, which some of his friends have held up as a bugaboo since he announced yesterday that he was determined to have a statewide direct primary bill abolishing the party State convention before January 1.

A workmen's compensation bill complete and comprehensive and embodying the best features of all the compensation acts now on file in the Legislature will be framed before the Legislature returns in December.

Won't Go Into Detail.

Gov. Glynn was pressed to-day to go more into detail about his plans for the enactment of measures which involve the policies which he believes should be sustained by the Democratic party, but he made it plain that he would rather say too little about these matters than to say too much.

With the announcement of his intention to press for enactment of a workmen's compensation bill Gov. Glynn has cleared up the situation at Albany on three big questions: State expenditures, which he intends to limit by the adoption of a rigid policy of retrenchment; direct primaries, having in mind the abolition of the party State convention; and workmen's compensation, which he believes will offer the fullest protection to the workingman and impose no hardship upon the employer.

Gov. Glynn elaborated upon his statement of yesterday concerning his intention of pressing for passage at the December session of the Legislature of a direct primary bill by stating that he believed it is his belief the primary bill should embody the provision abolishing the party State convention.

Would Abolish State Conventions.

"My personal opinion is this," said Gov. Glynn to-day. "I believe that in the abolition of the State convention many of our constituents see ghosts where there are only shadows. I do not know whether I can convince the majority of the Legislature to agree with me or not."

Gov. Glynn held another conference to-day with Attorney General Carmody, Senators Wagner, Blauvelt and Frawley, Speaker Smith and Assemblyman Levy at which the subject of a proper direct primary bill was discussed.

The Legislature will convene with the Governor will come back to Albany next week to agree or disagree with the provisions which the Governor at that time shall have decided to incorporate in his measure. There was apparent no dissent among those who took part in the conference on the question.

The Governor made it plain after the conference that there would be no harking back to the Legislature as far as he was concerned, and when he was asked he thought he would be better off to say that he was not for direct primaries as Gov. Sulzer did he shuddered and said that he did not expect to be forced to say such extreme things.

When Senator Wagner called on the conference with the Governor to-day he was asked if he had any doubt that he and Gov. Glynn could agree on a direct primary measure.

"No, I have no doubt of that," Senator Wagner replied.

Smith Opposed to Bill.

He added that he personally was opposed to a primary bill which would abolish the party State convention, because he thought it would prove unpopular to State. He pointed out the reasons for his opposition, which were the successful candidates were from Boston, as an instance of the way large centers of population would dominate under such a system.

Speaker Smith declared that while he did not believe in a back track to the question of abolishing the State convention, if the Democratic party was to reverse itself upon this question it should not only abolish the party State convention but the party emblem and party column voting as well as the designation of primary candidates by the party committee.

It was recalled to-day that Gov. Glynn spent an evening last week when he was in New York at the theatre with William H. Root. It was also recalled that the Democratic candidates for Governor next fall, if the party State convention is abolished, must make their fight for the nomination directly at the primaries, at which it is expected that Root will be a candidate for United States Senator.

The legal machinery has not yet been provided in this State to permit the nomination and election of a United States Senator directly by the people, but this will be taken care of at the December session of the Legislature, it is expected.

NO FRICTION OVER THE CANAL.

Mr. Garrison Denies Report Affecting Goethals and Metcalf.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary Garrison was at his desk in the War Department to-day for the first time in several weeks. He returned from his inspection of the Panama Canal in splendid health.

Secretary Garrison's first public utterance was to the effect that the friction alleged to exist between the Panama Railroad Company and Col. Goethals as to the future administration of the canal was a figment of some one's imagination.

The Secretary set at rest suggestions that the Atlantic exploration party about the Fran would be the first shipload of navigators to pass through the canal. He said:

"There is a promise which has been made to the Fran people that they shall be among the first ships to go through the isthmian waterway, but the first ship formally to make the full trip will fly the American flag."

The present plan of the War Department is that the first passage of the canal shall be made by one of the large (two) cruises of the United States Navy.

President Wilson and such members of his cabinet as may be able to get away, the committees of Congress, and the various officials of the Canal Zone government and representatives of the press will make the first trip.

GLYNN REORGANIZES CAVALRY.

Makes New Regiment of Troopers Outside of Manhattan.

Outside of Manhattan.

ALBANY, Nov. 11.—Gov. Glynn signed an order to-day reorganizing the cavalry of the National Guard into a regiment of twelve troops and a squadron of four instead of two regiments of nine and seven troops.

Col. I. De Bevoise will be placed in command of a new regiment composed of all the troops outside of Manhattan, to be known as the First Cavalry. The First Cavalry, now composed of two regiments, will be converted into a squadron made up of the troops which formed the old Squadron A before the present organization was effected last year.

Officers of the disbanded regiment will be transferred to the new First regiment. Some will go on the supernumerary list and others will be assigned to staff duty.

Col. De Bevoise will be placed in command of the new First Cavalry. The new First Cavalry will be composed of five troops in Brooklyn and one troop each in Albany, Utica, Rochester, Buffalo, Syracuse and West Brighton.

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M'CALL TO HOLD UP MITCHELL'S HANDS

Calls Upon All Loyal Citizens to Support New Mayor in Trying Problems.

SILENT ON TAMMANY FIGHT

Denies He Will Resign to Accept Gerard's Place on Supreme Bench.

Edward E. McCall returned yesterday to his work as chairman of the Public Service Commission following a brief rest after the campaign. He was smiling, looked rugged and seemed ready for the details that confronted him.

When he met the reporters he made several things clear. First he said it was the duty of all citizens to back Mayor-elect Mitchell, and he himself felt that Mr. Mitchell needed moral support for the work that lies ahead of him in the next four years. Second, he said emphatically that he would not resign his Commission and accept an appointment as successor to Justice Gerard. Third, he would not discuss the question of the reorganization of Tammany Hall.

"The battle has been fought," he said, referring to the Mayoralty campaign, "and has been very decisive so far as the expression of the voters goes. I accept the result philosophically. I wish to say that I believe that the Mayor-elect is facing a hard situation and is confronted with problems that call on every loyal and patriotic citizen, irrespective of party, to give him his unqualified support. I will do my best to support him, regardless of his political beliefs. Mr. Mitchell's hands should be sustained to the utmost."

Sees Big Problems Ahead.

"I know, and I believe I can say it without the least fear of being considered egotistical, that the new Mayor-elect, Mr. Mitchell, will not be a bed of roses. No administration, or executive officer will have greater burdens to bear or greater tasks to meet. Therefore all unnecessary bickering and carping should cease now and every man should give his support to the Mayor-elect and his administration."

McCall was asked to what extent he attributed his defeat to Tammany Hall and he replied:

"I do not care to go into any analysis of the causes of the Democratic defeat. That would be time wasted."

"What do you think of the criticism voiced by Dudley Field Malone that the reorganization of Tammany Hall has outlived its usefulness and that the organization must be reorganized?"

Mr. McCall put up his hand with a smile. He said he would not discuss that question. He also refused to answer a question as to whether the appointment of Mr. Malone was significant of a fight against Tammany Hall by the Wilson Administration.

Campaign a Closed Issue.

Asked if he had any statement to make in regard to either William Sulzer or John A. B. Hennessey, he said:

"I'm not going to discuss any issues that were brought out in the campaign. The campaign is closed and I will discuss it no further, but I would like to say one thing. I and many of my friends who supported me and my friends to those who voted for me for Mayor. I have no complaint to make. My campaign was thorough and complete and you may rest assured that I will continue to do my best for the city."

There was a rumor that Judge McCall would resign from the Public Service Commission and that Gov. Glynn would appoint him to the Supreme Court bench to succeed Justice Gerard, now Ambassador to Germany. Judge McCall said he would not leave his commission and did not intend to go back to the Supreme Court.

DAUGHTER TURNS ON MRS. BISHOP, DIVORCED

Banker's Wife Will Meet Surprise on Return From Europe To-day.

Mrs. Abigail Hamrick Bishop, who got an interdictory decree of divorce from James Cunningham Bishop, member of the banking firm of Robinson & Co., after a long and bitter fight, returned to the city to-day.

Her fifteen-year-old daughter, Nathalie, who has been in Europe for some time, is expected to return to-day.

It was reported that she had come to this decision after certain of her supporters had been successful in their efforts to get a confession from Stilwell. Sulzer, it is said, accompanied by several friends, left Albany for Sing Sing early in the evening and arrived at the prison near midnight.

It is understood here that Sulzer conferred for over an hour with Stilwell, confiding with him to give him information which could be used in a club over the heads of various Senators so that they would be compelled to vote for the Governor's pardon.

In return, Stilwell promised, according to the information turned over to the State authorities, that he would give Stilwell an unconditional pardon.

It is reported that Stilwell finally admitted to Sulzer that he did not have the information desired and that Sulzer and his friends left the institution in despair.

Lawyers here declared to-night that if it could be proved that Sulzer held out a promise of a pardon to Stilwell provided the latter would give him evidence upon which the Senators could be intimidated to vote against the pardon, it would be a case for a grand jury.

When the evidence he is gathering is in tangible form and is such as would be regarded as competent in a court of competent jurisdiction it is expected that he will begin the necessary proceedings to institute his public investigation which he promised before the recent election.

GARDNER NOT LEADER, HE SAYS.

But Would Like to See Progressives Act With Republicans.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Congressman Gardner, replying to an open letter of Representative Clarence A. Barnes of Massachusetts, says he does not assume to be the leader of the Republican party, but that he would be willing to "go a long way toward bringing about the state of affairs under which those who have been voting the Progressive ticket might be willing once more to act with the Republican party."

Barnes, who was a member of Gardner's campaign committee, had suggested to Gardner a plan for amalgamation of Republicans and Progressives by which both Barnes and Gardner would enter the same primaries next year under whatever party designation might be agreed upon, and the delegates to the state convention of the same party would write the platform upon which the nominee should run.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The Navy Department set a three-day deadline for the alleged outbreak of smallpox on board the battleship Vermont, now with the Atlantic fleet in Mediterranean waters, and the Navy Department is now taking steps to determine whether Gargan should be held as dead.

Justice Maddox reserved decision.

On October 1 last Mrs. Gargan and Wethermer, both of whom are 28 years old, applied for a marriage license in New York City. The license was granted by Justice Maddox, but the marriage was not solemnized.

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A Great Explorer's Story MY LIFE WITH THE ESKIMO

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Vilhjalmur Stefansson—the author and explorer who was reported last week as far in the Arctic Circle, at the head of a scientific and exploring expedition sent out by the Canadian Government in search of an unknown Continent—in this unusual and fascinating book of adventure describes intimately his travels and life during several years among the Eskimo in the Arctic Regions.

The discovery of the Blond or Copper Eskimo—that phenomenon of the Far North, so widely announced last year—is for the first time told in detail by the discoverer, while the book abounds in other tales of adventure, exploration, thrilling hunting experiences, and incidents of everyday Arctic life, equally as remarkable, interesting, and absorbing.

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